

TROUBLESHOOTING

If the engine refuses to start, perform the following inspections to determine the cause.

- (1) Is there enough fuel in the fuel tank?
- (2) Is the fuel reaching the carburetors from the fuelcock?
- (3) Disconnect the fuel line from the carburetor, turn the fuelcock to the "PRIME" position and see if gasoline flows from the hose.
- (4) Then turn the fuelcock to the "ON" position and crank the engine for a brief moment and see if fuel still flows.
- (5) If it has been determined that fuel is reaching the carburetor, the ignition system should be checked next.

WARNING:

Do not allow the fuel to spill. Do not allow any fuel to come in contact with the hot engine or exhaust system. Extinguish any smoking materials before performing this check, and stay away from any other fire or heat source.

- (1) Remove a spark plug and re-attach it to the spark plug lead.
- (2) While holding the spark plug firmly against the engine, push the starter button with the ignition switch in the "ON" position and the engine "kill" switch in the "RUN" position. If the ignition system is operating properly, a blue spark should jump across the spark plug gap. If there is no spark, consult your Suzuki Dealer for repairs.

WARNING:

Do not hold the spark plug close to the open spark plug hole in the cylinder head as gasoline vapor inside the cylinder could be ignited, creating a fire hazard. To reduce the chance of electrical shock, hold the metal shell of the spark plug against an unpainted metal portion of the engine. Due to the possibility of electrical shock, anyone with a heart condition or pacemaker should avoid this check.



ENGINE STALLING

- (1) Check the fuel supply in the fuel tank.
- (2) Check the ignition system for intermittent spark.
- (3) Check the engine idle speed.

CAUTION:

It is best to consult your Suzuki dealer before attempting to troubleshoot any problem. If the machine is still within the warranty, then the Suzuki dealer should definitely be consulted before any repairs are attempted on the machine by yourself. Tampering with the machine while in warranty may affect warranty consideration.

STORAGE PROCEDURE

PROCEDURE FOR STORAGE

Materials Needed:

1. Motor Oil.
 2. Commercial Gasoline Stabilizer.
 3. Commercial Rust Preventative Fogging Oil. (outboard motor type)
 4. Commercial Aerosol Rust Preventative. (moisture displacing lubricant)
 5. Commercial Vinyl and Rubber Preservative.
 6. Hydrometer for Checking Battery Condition.
 7. 1 Amp Battery Charger.
1. Place the motorcycle on its center stand.
 2. Thoroughly clean the entire motorcycle. Run the bike until all traces of moisture are gone.